THE 1960'S

1967

The United Nations adopts the Declaration of Elimination of Discrimination Against Women 1967

Dr. Henry Morgentaler urges the repeal of the abortion laws and later opens an abortion clinic in Montreal 1968

The new Federal Divorce Act establishes a uniform divorce law, allowing for divorce on the basis of marital breakdown as well as for adultery and mental or physical cruelty. 1969

The Criminal Code is amended to permit abortions under certain circumstances. In some hospitals, therapeutic abortion committees are formed. 1969

The Criminal Code and Food and Drug Acts is amended, allowing contraceptive devices and certain drugs to be manufactured, sold, and advertised under supervision

EARLY 1970'S

1971

Gwen Landolt

She formed
"The Right to Life"
an anti-abortion
organization.

1971

Amendments to the Canadian Labour Code include: prohibition of discrimination on the grounds of sex and marital status, strong reinforcement of the principle of equal pay for equal work, and the provision of 17 weeks of maternity leave.

1972

Rosemary Brown is the first black woman elected to a provincial legislature as a member of the NDP in Vancouver.

1973

The Ontario
Advisory Council on
the Status of
Women is set up
with Laura Sabia as
chair.

1973

The group Montreal
Gay Women
publishes the first
Canadian lesbian
journal, Long Time
Coming

LATE 1970'S

1978

In a landmark decision, the Supreme Court of Canada grants half the property acquired in her husband's name to Saskatchewan farm wife Helene Marie Rathwell.

1978

The Omnibus Bill is passed, eliminating pregnancy as a basis for layoff or dismissal.

1978

Judy Cameron is the first woman pilot hired by Air Canada.

1979

The Feminist Party of Canada is launched in Toronto.

1980'S

1980

Jeanne Suave

The first woman Speaker of the House of Commons. 1980

Fishermen's wives get jobless benefits as unemployment insurance is granted to 10,000 women working with their husbands.

1982

Bertha Wilson

The first woman appointed to the Supreme Court.

1987

The Supreme Court states that sexual harassment is a form of sexual discrimination and that employers who tolerated it would be held responsible.